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**Sacred Band of Thebes - Wikipedia**
The Sacred Band of Thebes (Ancient Greek: Ἱερὸς Λόχος, Hieròs Lókhos) was a troop of select soldiers, consisting of 150 pairs of male lovers which formed the elite force of the Theban army in the 4th century BC, ending Spartan domination. Its predominance began with its crucial role in the Battle of Leuctra in 371 BC. It was annihilated by Philip II of Macedon in the Battle of

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Hydra, or Ydra or Idra (Greek: Ύδρα, romanized:
Symbolically served the crown probably the one of the Saronic Islands of Greece, located in the Aegean Sea between the Myrtoan Sea and the Argolic Gulf. It is separated from the Peloponnese by a narrow strip of water. In ancient times, the island was known as Hydrea ('Ὑδρέα, derived from the Greek word for "water"), a reference to renewal and fertility.

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Iwaszczuk, J. (2016) Sacred Landscape of Thebes during the Reign of Hatshepsut, Royal Construction Projects, Volume 1, Topography of the West Bank, Travaux de l’Institut des Cultures Méditerranéennes et Orientales de l’Académie Polonaise des Sciences 2, Warszawa; Szafrański, Surya is a leading manufacturer of high-quality, fashion-forward area rugs and coordinating home accessories. Browse our large selection of contemporary, traditional, designer and custom products for ...


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Theben (Böotien) – Wikipedia
ended Greek independence and autonomy it did

Polybius, Histories, book 1, Introduction
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The defeat of the formidable forces led against them by the Persian kings Darius and Xerxes, but Herodotus’ work includes

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The emperor Trajan, who reigned from 98 – 117 C.E., fought a series of campaigns known as the Dacian Wars. Dacia (modern Romania), was seen as a troublesome neighbor by the Romans and the Dacians were seen to pose a threat to the province of Moesia, along the Danube frontier.

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**Templo egipcio - Wikipedia, la enciclopedia libre**
De acuerdo con la mitología egipcia, los templos del Antiguo Egipto eran la residencia de los dioses en la Tierra. De hecho, el término que los egipcios empleaban para definirlos, ḡwt-nṯr, significa «mansión (o recinto) de un dios». [1] [2] La presencia de los dioses en el templo era un nexo de unión entre el mundo divino y el humano, y permitía a estos últimos relacionarse con